Seminar at CLS

Remodeling of photosynthetic electron transport in Synechocystis PCC 6803 for future hydrogen production from water

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Photosynthetic microorganisms such as the cyanobacterium Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803 (Synechocystis) can be exploited for the light-driven synthesis of valuable compounds. Energetically, this is much more rewarding if photosynthetic electrons are branched-off at Ferredoxin (Fd), which provides electrons for a variety of fundamental metabolic pathways in the cell, with the Ferredoxin-NADP-Oxido-Reductase (FNR, PetH) being the main target. In order to re-direct electrons from Fd to another consumer, the high electron transport rate between Fd and FNR has to be weakened [1]. Based on our previous in vitro experiments, corresponding FNR-mutants at position FNR_K190 [2] have now been generated in Synechocystis cells to study their impact on the cellular metabolism and their potential for a future hydrogen producing design cell. Out of two promising candidates, mutation FNR K190D proved to be lethal due to oxidative stress, while FNR_K190A was successfully generated and characterized: The light induced NADPH formation is clearly impaired in this mutant and it shows also major metabolic adaptations like a higher glucose metabolism as evidenced by quantitative mass spectrometric analysis. These results indicate a high potential for the future use of photosynthetic electrons in engineered design cells - for instance for hydrogen production. They also reveal substantial differences in the interaction of proteins if characterized in an in vitro environment [3] in comparison with the physiological conditions of whole cells which have to be considered in remodeling processes.

References:

- 1. Rögner M (2013) Biochem Soc Trans, 2013. 41(5), 1254-9
- 2. Wiegand K et al. (2018) Biochim Biophys Acta 1859(4), 253-262
- 3. Kothe T et al. (2013) Angew Chem Int Ed 52, 14233-14236
- 4. Watanabe et al., Nat. Commun. (2013) 4, 1631

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